



FXopen
when money makes money

FXOpen Markets Limited

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DEFINITIONS

FOR ALL TYPES OF ACCOUNTS

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“Abnormal Market Condition” – periods in which the markets are experiencing very high volatility including but not limited to:

- regularly scheduled news events such as the monthly release by the US Department of Labor of the Non–Farm Payrolls statistics;
- **Thin market.** Since few transactions take place in a **Thin market**, prices are often more volatile and assets are less liquid;
- low number of **Bids** and **Asks**, which will also typically result in a larger **Spreads**.

“Account History” – All activity within an account. The account history is also called a "ledger", depending on where the account is held.

“Anti Money Laundering (AML)” – a set of procedures, laws or regulations designed to stop the practice of generating income through illegal actions.

“Applicable Rate” – Federal Reserve Funds rate.

“Application to Open an Individual/Corporate Trading Account” – the form to be completed by the **Customer** and accessed through the Website.

“Asset” – is a fiat or crypto currency or any other asset available for trading as a CFD through the **Platform**.

“Asset Name” – is an abbreviation stand for certain **Asset**.

“Asset Volume” – is a full volume of a certain **Asset**.

“Ask” – the higher price in the **Quote** being the price at which the **Customer** may buy. The **Ask** is the lowest current price on the market for buyers.

“Automated System Trading” – a method of trading **Forex** that is based on a series of analyses to determine whether to buy or sell a **Currency pair** at a given time. **Automated System Trading** could be based on a set of signals derived from technical analysis charting tools or fundamental news–based events.

“Available Volume” – is a volume of a certain **Asset** available for exchange. It is calculated as difference between **Asset Volume** and **Locked Volume**.

“Balance” – the total financial result of all **Completed Transactions** and **Deposit/Withdrawal** operations on the **Trading Account**.

“Bar/Candle” – a graphical representation of a **Quotes** movement that usually contains the open, high, low and closing prices for a set period of time (for example, a minute, a day, a week).

“Balance Currency” – the currency that the **Trading Account** is denominated in; it should be noted that all charges including **Commissions** and **Swaps**, are calculated in that currency.

“Balance Operation” – any transfers which affect **Balance** of **Trading Account** (**Deposits, Withdrawals, Bonuses**, etc.) except trading **Transaction**.

“Base Assets” – Gold, Silver, Platinum, etc. in the derivative financial instrument such as CFD.

“Base Currency” – the first currency in the **Currency Pair**.

“British Bankers Association” – **BBA** – the trade association that represents the views of those involved in the banking and financial services industry within the U.K. The BBA is responsible for accounting principles and European regulations regarding banking practices, to set benchmark rates such as the **LIBOR**.

“Bid” – the lower price for the financial instrument being the price at which the **Customer** may sell. The **BID** is the highest current price on the market for sellers.



"**Business Day**" – any day between Monday and Friday, according to **Server** time.

"**Chart**" – the graph that displays the intraday or difference period of time movements of a given financial instrument.

"**Client**" or "**Customer**" – A Customer means a person or legal entity, either public or private, who signed a **Customer Agreement**.

"**Client Terminal**" – the FXOpen MetaTrader or TickTrader client terminal program (can be downloaded on the Website free of charge).

"**Client Terminal Log-File**" – the file, which is created by the **Client Terminal** in order to record all the **Customer's Requests** and **Instructions**.

"**Close Position**" – executing a **Transaction** that is the exact opposite of an **Open Position**. Closing a **Long position** in a financial instrument would entail selling it, while closing a **Short position** in a financial instrument would involve buying it back.

"**Commission**" – a service charge assessed by a **Company** in return for handling the purchase or sale of a financial instrument. Commissions vary widely from one company to another.

"**Company, "FXOpen"** – "FXOpen Markets Limited".

"**Company News Webpage**" – the page of the Website where the Company news is displayed on. As of date of these **Definitions** the information is displayed on www.fxopen.com.

"**Company's Trading Account**" – Company's Trading Account with external **Counterparty**.

"**Completed Transaction**" – two counter deals of the same size (opening a position and closing a position): buy then sell or vice versa.

"**Compliance Department**" – department within a **Company** that oversees the trading and market-making activities of the **Company**. The department ensures that the managers and employees are abiding by the firm's procedures, rules and regulations.

"**Confidential Information**" – limited to persons authorized to use information, documents, etc.

"**Conflict of interest**" – The situation occurs when a **Customer** or **Company** is involved in multiple interests, one of which could possibly corrupt the motivation for an act in the other.

"**Contract For Differences – CFD**" – is a financial derivative contract that allow traders to take advantage of prices moving on underlying financial instruments stipulating that the one party to the contract will pay to the other the difference between the current value of a financial instrument and its value at contract time.

"**Contract Specifications**" – trading terms (**Spread, Lot Size, Initial Margin** etc.) for each financial **Instrument**.

"**Conversion Rate**" – the ratio at which one currency can be exchanged for another if **Deposit** was made in currency other than a **Balance Currency**.

"**Corporate action**" – any event that brings material change to a public company and affects its structure, stock or the securities issued by the company. A Corporate Action may include but is not limited to stock splits, dividends, mergers and acquisitions, rights issues and spin offs.

"**Counterparty**" – the other party that participates in a financial **Transaction**. Every buyer of a financial instrument must be paired up with a seller that is willing to sell and vice versa.

"**Credit IN**" – **Balance Transaction** when **Company** increases **Customer Balance** from own **Assets**.



"Credit OUT" – **Balance Transaction** when **Company** removes money from **Customer Balance**.

"Currency of the Trading Account" – US dollars.

"Currency Pair" – the financial instrument where the value of a currency is determined by its comparison to another currency. The first currency of a **Currency pair** is called the **"Base currency"**, and the second **Currency** is called the **"Quote currency"**. The **Currency pair** shows how much of the **Quote currency** is needed to purchase one unit of the **Base currency**.

"Customer" – a legal entity or an individual party to the **Customer Agreements**.

"Customer Agreement" – the agreement between the **Company** and the **Customer**.

"Customer's Login" – unique number of the **Trading Account**.

"Day Order" – an **Order** which is automatically deleted at the end of the trading session.

"Dealer" – an employee of the **Company** who is authorized to process the **Customer's Instructions and Requests**.

"Debit or Credit Card" – an electronic card issued by a bank which allows bank Customers access to their account to withdraw cash or pay for goods and services.

"Deposit" – A **Transaction** involving a transfer of funds to **Company**.

"Debit or Credit Card Holder" – the person whose name printed on the card.

"Dispute" – the conflict situation when one party to the agreement reasonably believes that the other party as a result of any action or failure to act breaches one or more terms of the Customer Agreement and (or) Terms of Business.

"Dormant Account" – in general, a low-balance account which has shown no activity (**Deposits** and/or **Withdrawals**) over a long period of time, other than posting of the interest and/or service charges.

"Electronic money" – also known as e-currency, e-money, electronic cash, electronic currency, digital money, digital cash, digital currency, cyber currency is money or scrip that is only exchanged electronically.

"Equity" – is calculated as **Balance** plus **Floating**.

"Error Quote" – see **"Spike"**.

"Exchange" – a marketplace in which securities, commodities, derivatives, crypto currencies and other financial instruments are traded.

"Exchange Fee" - the commission charged by the **Company** or making exchange transactions available to **Customer**.

"Exchange Order" – is a **Customer's** offer to buy or sell an **Asset**.

"Exchange Unit" – is minimal volume of an **Asset** acceptable for exchange.

"Expert Advisor" – is an automated trading system (ATS) this robot written in the Meta Quotes Language (MQL4) and linked to a **Chart** on the Meta Trader 4 platform.

"Fast Market" – rapid movement in a market caused by strong interest by buyers and/or sellers for the short period of time often causing **Price Gaps**.

"Fill Time" – the execution time of a requested operation.



“Financial Information Exchange – FIX” – a FIX protocol system used by funds, investment firms. FIX systems are used to transfer accurate and timely financial information regarding **Securities** trades through and across security exchange house. FIX has become a standard in equity trades.

“Floating” – a current profit/loss on **Open Positions** calculated at the current **Quotes**.

“Force Majeure Event” – Non-performance by a party is excused if that party proves that the non-performance was due to an impediment beyond its control and that it could not reasonably be expected to have taken the impediment into account at the time of the conclusion of the contract or to have avoided or overcome it or its consequences (including but not limited to war, strike, crime, „Act of God“ (e.g. flooding, earthquake, volcano eruption). When the impediment is only temporary, the excuse shall have effect for such period as is reasonable having regard to the effect of the impediment on the performance of the contract. The party who fails to perform must give notice to the other party of the impediment and its effect on its ability to perform. If the notice is not received by the other party within a reasonable time after the party who fails to perform knew or ought to have known of the impediment, it is liable for damages resulting from such non-receipt.

“Forex” – the over the counter financial market, in which derivative financial instruments are traded.

“Free Margin” – funds on the **Trading Account**, which may be used to open a position. It is calculated as **Equity** less **Initial Margin**.

“Freeze Level” – defined by **Company** the range between the current **Quote** and the **Order Level**. When **Customer** places any **Order** in this price range, the server would reject such **Request**.

“Freeze Time” – defined by **Company** the period of time before the event announcement. The **Company** has the right, at its sole discretion, to define the value of the **Freeze Time** depending on the situation on the currencies market and on the character of the event.

“GLBR” – Gold Lease Bid Rate – the rate which bidders are willing to pay for leased gold to the bullion bank.

“GLOR” – Gold Lease Offered Rate – the rate at which bullion banks are willing to lease out gold.

“GTC” (“Good Till Cancelled”) – the **Order** which is valid until the **Customer** sends the **Instruction** to delete the **Order**.

“GOFO” – Gold Forward Offered Rate – These are rates at which contributors are prepared to lend gold on a swap against US dollars. Quotes are made for 1-, 2-, 3-, 6- and 12-month periods.

“GOFO mean” – provides an international benchmark for gold **SWAP** rates. It is the gold equivalent of **LIBOR** for currencies.

“Gross account” – the type of account where all positions, including the opposite ones, under the same **Instrument** are separate positions and have separate records. Gross accounts are available on MT4 (ECN, STP, CRYPTO), MT5 (ECN) and Tick Trader (ECN).

“Hedged Margin” – a special low-margin for hedgers. The hedge margin is lower because of offsetting positions. The details for each **Instrument** are in the Contract Specifications.

“Hedged Positions” – **Long** and **Short Positions** of the same **Transaction Size** opened on the **Trading Account** for the same **Instrument**.

“Inactive Account” – a bank or brokerage account in which there have not been any transactions recorded for a specified period, other than crediting of interest, it is considered as a **Dormant Account** and removed from the file of active accounts. The commission could be charged for the maintenance the said account in the archive and (or) for restoration of the said account.



"If-Done Order" – An "If Done" **Order** is placed in conjunction with a **Stop** or **Limit order**. After the initial **Stop** or **Limit order** has been executed, the **If-Done order** becomes active.

"Indicative Quote" – a **Quote** at which the **Company** has the right not to accept any **Instructions** and **Requests** or execute any **Orders**.

"Initial Margin" ("Necessary Margin") – the margin required by the **Company** to open a position. The details for each **Instrument** are in the **Contract Specifications**.

"Instant Execution" – an **Order** that is executed at the price that appears on the screen at the time that the **Customer** sends the **Instruction** for trading through MetaTrader4.

"Instruction" – an instruction sent from the **Customer** to the **Company** to open/close a position or to place/modify/delete an **Order**.

"Instrument" – a derivative financial instrument having including without limitations the following base active currency pair, crypto currency, security, index, precious metal in relation to which the respective FX contract or CFD shall be executed.

"Introducing Broker – IB" – an entity who has a direct relationship with Customers, but delegates the work of trade execution to **Company**. The relationship between **Company** and **IB** is built on the premium commission base.

"LBMA" London Bullion Market Association – has developed and introduced a number of standard agreements. These cover the terms and conditions for forward, option and gold, silver etc. interest rate derivative transactions in the OTC market.

"Leverage" – ratio in respect of **Transaction Volume** and **Initial Margin**. 1:200 ratio means that in **Order** to open a position the **Initial Margin** is two hundred times less than **Transaction Size**.

"Libor" – **London Interbank Offered Rate** – The interest rate that the banks charge each other for loans. This rate is applicable to the short-term international interbank market.

"Libid" – **London Interbank Bid Rate** – interest rate at which London banks are willing to borrow from one another in the inter-bank market.

"Limit Order" – an **Order** placed with a **Company** to buy or sell a set number of units of financial instrument at a specified price which better than current **Quotes**.

"Liquidity" – the degree to which a financial instrument can be bought or sold in the market without affecting its price. **Assets** that can be easily bought or sold are known as liquid assets.

"Liquidity Provider" – external counterparties including but not limited to banks, financial institutions, brokers, agents, clearing houses, exchanges, etc., FXOpen customers, FXOpen and/or FXOpen affiliated legal entities.

"Long Position" – buy transaction, with the expectation that the financial instrument will rise in value.

"Locked Volume" – is a total volume of certain **Assets** reserved – to support all active Exchange orders of a Client.

"Lot" – a unit of **Base Currency** in the **Trading Platform**.

"Lot Size" – the number of **Base Currency** in one **Lot** defined in the **Contract Specifications**.

"Maintenance Margin" – the minimum amount of **Equity** that must be maintained in a margin account. The minimum required level of margin to be maintained is typically 10% (or other number, as additionally specified) of the total market value of the securities with view of the level of **Leverage** on the margin account.



"Market Depth" – real-time **Quotes** that provides with the aggregated volume of all **Orders** available at each of the top five (optional) price levels **Buy** and **Sell** for each **Instruments**.

"Margin Level" – the percentage of **Equity** to **Initial Margin**. This ratio is calculated as $(\text{Equity} / \text{Initial Margin}) * 100\%$.

"Margin Trading" – trading with money borrowed from your broker or bank for that purpose when the **Customer** may make **"Margin Trading"** having far less funds on the **Trading Account** in comparison with the **Transaction Volume**.

"Market Maker" – a company, or an individual, that **Quotes** both a buy and a sell price in an **Instrument**. **Market Maker** takes part in any **Transaction**.

"Market Opening" – the time at which the market opens after weekends, holidays etc.

"Market Order" – an **Order** that a **Customer** makes through a **Company** service to buy or sell a financial instrument immediately at the best available current price. **Market Order** could be executed at a price different from initial **Order Level**.

"Money Manager" – Money managers give you personalized service, an individualized portfolio and ongoing management. A professional money manager does not receive commissions on transactions and is paid based on a percentage of **Assets** under management. Thus, it is in the best interest of both the money manager and **Customer** to see the portfolio grow.

"Net account" – the type of ECN account where all long and short positions under the same **Instrument** shall be aggregated to the one net position. Net accounts are available on MT5 and TickTrader only.

"Normal Market Conditions" – the **Quotes Flow** in the **Trading Platform** have no fast price movements and **Price Gap**.

"Normal Market Size" – the maximum number of **Lots** that does not exceed the volume of **Market Depth** at the moment creation of **Request**.

"Off-Quotes" – message that a **Customer** receives from the **Trading Platform**. Instances (but not limited to) are following:

- a) When markets are opening and there is no available **Quote Flow**;
- b) When **Customer** tries to modify/delete an order that has already been placed into queue for processing **Take Profit** or **Stop Loss**;
- c) The **Customer** has insufficient **Free Margin**.

"Offset" – The process means – Once a Customer's order is received, the **Market Maker** immediately sells or buys from its own inventory equal **Order** with external **Counterparty**. This process takes place in mere seconds.

"One trading session" – a period of one day of buying and selling **Securities** at a **Trading Platform** from the time opening (00:00:00 **Trading Platform Time**) to the time closing (23:59:59 **Trading Platform Time**).

"Open Position" – any **Long Position** or **Short Position** that has been established and that has yet to be closed with an opposing **Transaction**. The position will remain open until an opposing trade has taken place.

"Order" – an **Instruction** from the **Customer** to the **Company** to open or close a position.

"Order Level" – the price indicated in the **Order**.

"Payment Instructions" – details for depositing funds to the **Trading Account** or withdrawing funds from the **Trading Account**.



“Pending Order” – an **Instruction** from the **Customer** to the **Company** to open a position once the price has reached the level of the **Order**. All of the following order types fall under that category: **Buy Stop, Sell Stop, Buy Limit** and **Sell Limit**.

The **Order** is placed in the queue in order to be executed in the following cases:

- a) The **Take Profit** on **Open Long Position** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Bid** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or higher than the **Order Level**;
- b) The **Stop Loss** on open **Long Position** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Bid** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or lower than the **Order Level**;
- c) The **Take Profit** on open **Short Position** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Asset** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or lower than the **Order Level**;
- d) The **Stop Loss** on open **Short Position** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Ask** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or higher than the **Order Level**;
- e) The **Buy Limit** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Ask** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or lower than the **Order Level**;
- f) The **Sell Limit** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Bid** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or higher than the **Order Level**;
- g) The **Buy Stop** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Ask** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or higher than the **Order Level**;
- h) The **Sell Stop** is placed in the queue in order to be executed if the **Bid** price in the **Quotes Flow** becomes equal or lower than the **Order Level**.

“Personal Area” – is a special section at **Company** website, which is designed for company's Customers. In this section **Customers** can see all their personal and trading information.

“Personal Documents” – the documents are required to open a trading account.

“Point” / “Pip” – the smallest price change. Since most major financial instruments are priced to four or five decimal places, the smallest change is that of the last decimal point – for most pairs this is the equivalent of 1/100 (1000) of one percent, or one basis point.

“Post-Pre-Market” – the time period during which (i) the market is closed for the weekend (Friday to Monday), or (ii) the time period during which the market is closed for holidays, or (iii) other time period during which the Trading platform is switched off. Execution of certain Orders, as specified in the Terms of Business, may take place during the Post-Pre-Market.

“Precious Metals” – financial instrument with base assets as Gold, Silver, Platinum, etc.

“Price Gap” – an area within a particular time boundary of activity on a price **Chart**, showing a price range where no actual trading occurred. There are generally four different types of price gap:

- a. The common price gap, breakaway price gap, runaway price gap, and the exhaustion price gap. A common price gap is a blank area between two consecutive day's trading ranges. For example, today's lowest price is higher than yesterday's highest price.
- b. A breakaway price gap occurs when prices suddenly explode out of a congestion formation, leaving behind an empty area in which no trading has taken place in a considerable length of time or in which no trading has ever taken place.
- c. A runaway price gap appears following an already substantial price move, signaling a further continuation of the established trend.
- d. An exhaustion price gap is the opposite, marking a reversal of or the final stages of a previous major trend.



"Price Gap on the Market Opening" – the first **Ask/Bid** of the current trading session is equal or higher/lower than the last **Ask/Bid** of the previous session in four spreads in particular Instrument.

"Profit / Loss" – a financial benefit that is calculated when the **Transaction** completely closed.

"Quote" – the current price **Bid/Ask** for a particular **Instrument**.

"Quote Currency" – the second currency in the **Currency Pair**.

"Quotes Flow" – the stream of **Quotes** in the **Trading Platform** for each **Instrument**.

"Rate" – the value of the **Base Currency** in the terms of the **Quote Currency**.

"Request" – a request from the **Customer** to the **Company** given to get a **Quote**.

"Risk Management" – the identification, control, and avoidance, minimization, or elimination of unacceptable risks. An organization may use risk avoidance, risk transfer, or any other strategy (or combination of strategies) in proper management.

"Rollover" (SWAP) – a charge that is incurred by **Customers** who move their positions to the next trading session.

"Scalping" – A trading strategy that attempts to make many profits on small price changes.

"Screenshot" – is an image taken by a computer to record the visible items displayed on the monitor, television, or another visual output device.

"Security" – any financial **Instrument** such as share, future, option, commodity, interest rate, bond or stock index.

"Server Log-File" – the file created by the **Server**, which records all **Requests** and **Instructions** sent by the **Customer** to the **Company**.

"Server" – the FXOpen MetaTrader Server and/or TickTrader server program. The program is used to execute the **Customer's Instructions** or **Requests**.

"SIFO mean" – Silver Forward Mid Rate – This is the Silver Forward Mid Rate and provides indicative forward rates for silver based on the midmarket rates (the midpoint between the bid and offer sides of the swap). As these are only indicative rates.

"Short Position" – sell transaction, with the expectation that the financial instrument will fall in value.

"Slippage" – the difference between the expected price of a trade, and the **Order Level** price. Slippage often occurs during periods of higher volatility, when **Market Orders** are used, and also when large orders are executed when there may not be enough interest at the desired price level to maintain the expected price of trade.

"Slippage Control" – ECN platform procedure. It is designed to protect **Customers** from high **Slippage** occurring. Slippage Control mechanism applies to **Market** (Buy and Sell) **Orders**, as well as **Pending Sell** and **Pending Buy, Stop Orders**.

"Speculator" – risk-taking investor with expertise in the market(s) in which she is trading and will usually use **Margin Trading**.

"Spike" – a quote error with the following characteristics:

- a.) significant **Price gap**;
- b.) price rebound in a short time period within a **Price gap**;



- c.) absence of rapid price movement before its appearance;
- d.) absence of important macroeconomic indicators and/or corporate news before its appearance;
- e.) absence of **Abnormal Market Conditions**.

“Spot Market” – a commodities or securities market in which goods are sold for cash and delivered immediately. Contracts bought and sold on these markets are immediately effective.

“Spread” – the difference between **Ask** and **Bid**.

“Stop Out” – the closing of the **Customer's Open Position(s)** without the prior notice in a case of insufficient funds required to maintain **Open Positions**.

“Stop Order” – there is no 100% guarantee of getting the desired entry/exit points. For instance, if a **Quotes** gaps down, the trader's stop order will be triggered (or filled) at the first available **Quote** which is presented in the **Quotes Flow** instantly after the **Price Gap**.

“Subaccount” – the designated part of the Account for maintaining a separate record of each type of Asset.

“SWAP History” – page of the **Company's** web-site that contains historic data about **Rollovers**.

“Take Profit” – the price to close an opened position at a more profitable price than the current price.

“Thin Market” – a market with a low number of buyers and sellers; few **Transactions** take place in a thin market, prices are often more volatile and assets are less liquid. The low number of **Bids** and **Asks** will also typically result in a larger **Spread** between the two **Quotes**.

“Ticker” – the unique number assigned to each **Open Position**, **Pending Order** or **Deposit/Withdrawal Transaction** through the **Trading Platform**.

“Trademark of Company” – a symbol, word, phrase, logo, or combination of those that legally distinguishes one company's product or service from any others.

“Trading Account” – the account, which has a unique number, maintained by a **Customer** for the purposes of trading financial **Instruments** through the FXOpen **Trading platform(s)**. The **Company** provides to the **Customers** the following types of **Trading Accounts**: ECN, TickTrader ECN, STP, Crypto, Standard / Micro, PAMM .

“Trading Platform Time” (“Server time”) – the time shows on the **Trading Platform**. It used for marks to start and close of all trading sessions.

“Trading Terms” – understanding between a **Company** and a **Customer** as to the standard meaning of terminology used in **Transactions** and trade documents.

“Trading Platform” – the software through which traders can open, close and manage **Transactions**.

“Trading Recommendation” – any form of advice to induce trading activity.

“Trading Tools” – see **“Instrument”**.

“Trailing Stop” – an **Order** entered with a stop parameter that creates a moving or “trailing” activation price. Note: Trailing Stop works on a Customer's terminal and not on a **Server**. Thus, it will not work if a **Customer** is not logged in.

“Transaction” – any transaction entered into or executed by the **Customer**.

“Transaction Volume” – the transaction's size multiply to number of **Lots** of **Transaction**.



"Trading Platform Time Zone" – the time zone in which the **Server Log-File** records any event. At the time of the release of this document the **Trading Platform Time Zone** is GMT+2:00.

"Volume Filled" – is an Asset volume of a certain Exchange order executed in the Fill Time.

"Volume Requested" – is an Asset volume requested in an Exchange order.

"Value Date" – the delivery date of funds.

"White Label" – a service created by one company that other companies rebrand under varying brand names to make it appear as if they made it.

"Withdrawal" – a removal of funds from a **Customer Balance** according to his/her acceptable **Order**.

"Written Notice" – any notice which is made to the **Customer** by the **Company** via: a) FXOpen Meta Trader or TickTrader Platform internal mail; b) email; c) facsimile transmission; d) post; or e) information published on the Company's News Webpage or Forum.

